## Amendments to 2015-16 Treasury Management Strategy Statement

## Paragraph 14.

The Council may invest its surplus funds with any of the counterparties in table 4 below, subject to the cash limits (per counterparty) and time limits shown.

| Sector <br> Limits/ <br> Credit <br> Rating | Banks Unsecured ${ }^{1}$ £20m | Banks Secured ${ }^{1}$ Unlimited | Government Unlimited | Corporates £10m |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UK Govt | n/a | n/a | £ Unlimited 155-years | n/a |
| AAA | £2.5m <br> 5 years | £5m 105 years | £5m 105 years | $\begin{gathered} £ 2.5 \mathrm{~m} \\ 105 \text { years } \end{gathered}$ |
| AA+ | £2.5m 5 years | £5m 75 years | £5m 75 years | $\begin{gathered} \hline £ 2.5 \mathrm{~m} \\ 75 \text { years } \end{gathered}$ |
| AA | £2.5m 4 years | £5m <br> 5 4years | $\begin{gathered} \text { £5m } \\ 54 \text { years } \end{gathered}$ | £2.5m <br> 54 years |
| AA- | £2.5m <br> 3 years | $\begin{gathered} £ 5 \mathrm{~m} \\ 4 \rightrightarrows \text { years } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} £ 5 \mathrm{~m} \\ 4 \rightrightarrows \text { years } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} £ 2.5 \mathrm{~m} \\ 43 \text { years } \end{gathered}$ |
| A+ | £2.5m <br> 2 years | £5m <br> $3 z$ years | $\begin{gathered} \text { £2.5m } \\ 3 \mathrm{z} \text { years } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} £ 2.5 \mathrm{~m} \\ 3 \mathrm{z} \text { years } \end{gathered}$ |
| A | £2.5m 13 months | £5m 2 years 43 months | $\begin{gathered} \text { £2.5m } \\ 2 \text { years } 13 \text { months } \end{gathered}$ | £2.5m 2 years 13 months |
| A- | £2.5m 6 months | £5m 13 months | $\begin{gathered} \text { £2.5m } \\ 13 \text { months } \end{gathered}$ | £2.5m <br> 13 months |
| BBB+ | $\begin{gathered} \text { £1m } \\ 100 \text { days } \end{gathered}$ | £2.5m 6 months | n/a | £1m 6 months |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { BBB of } \\ & \text { BBB= } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{£} 1 \mathrm{~m} \\ \text { next day only } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} £ 2.5 \mathrm{~m} \\ 100 \text { days } \end{gathered}$ | n/a | n/a |
| None | £1m <br> 63 months | n/a | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ £ 5 m 10 years | n/a |
| Money <br> Market <br> Funds <br> Pooled <br> Funds | £5m per money market fund and a maximum $£ 10 \mathrm{~m}$ in the Property Fund |  |  |  |

This table must be read in conjunction with the detailed notes within the approved strategy and the limits stated in Table 6 (as amended below).
${ }^{1}$ Note: The combined secured and unsecured investments in any one bank will not exceed the cash limit for secured investments.

## Delete Paragraph 21

Money Market Funds: These funds are pooled investment vehicles consisting of money market deposits and similar instruments. They have the advantage of providing wide diversification of
investment risks, coupled with the services of a professional fund manager. Fees of between $0.10 \%$ and $0.20 \%$ per annum are deducted from the interest paid to the Council. Funds that offer sameday liquidity and aim for a constant net asset value will be used as an alternative to instant access bank accounts.

## Insert new Paragraph 21a \& 21 b

21 a. Pooled Funds: Shares in diversified investment vehicles consisting of the any of the above investment types, plus equity shares and property. These funds have the advantage of providing wide diversification of investment risks, coupled with the services of a professional fund manager in return for a fee which can range between $0.10 \%$ and $0.20 \%$ per annum are deducted from the interest paid to the Council. Short-term Money Market Funds that offer same-day liquidity and very low volatility will be used as an alternative to instant access bank accounts, while pooled funds whose value changes with market prices and/or have a notice period will be used for longer investment periods.

21 b. Bond, equity and property funds offer enhanced returns over the longer term, but are more volatile in the short term. These allow the Council to diversify into further asset classes other than cash without the need to own and manage the underlying investments. Because these funds have no defined maturity date, but are available for withdrawal after a notice period, their performance and continued suitability in meeting the Council's investment objectives will be monitored regularly.

## Paragraph 27

Non-specified Investments: Any investment not meeting the definition of a specified investment is classed as non-specified. The Council does not intend to make any investments denominated in foreign currencies, nor any that are defined as capital expenditure by legislation, such as company shares. Non-specified investments will therefore be limited to medium and long-term investments, i.e. those that are due to mature 12 months or longer from the date of arrangement, and investments with bodies and schemes not meeting the definition on high credit quality. Limits on non-specified investments are shown in table 5 below.

Table 5: Non-Specified Investment Limits

|  | Cash limit |
| :--- | :---: |
| Total medium and long-term investments | £25m_15m |
| Total investments without credit ratings or rated below $\underline{\text { A- }}$ <br> BBB | $£ 10 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Total Limit on non-specified investments | $£=35 \mathrm{~m} \_25 \mathrm{~m}$ |

## Paragraph 31

Use of Specified and Non-Specified Investments
The selection of specified and non-specified investments will be undertaken by the Head of Finance and Governance Services who will keep the making of such investments under continuous review in the light of risk, liquidity and return and the framework set out in this Strategy. A schedule will be included in the Council's TMP's for staff and circulated to members as a background paper to the strategy and when/if it is updated during the year. Investment Limits: The Authority's uncommitted revenue reserves available to cover investment losses are forecast to be $£ 18.4$ million on 31st March 2015. These uncommitted reserves include the following items; General Fund

Balance $£ 5 \mathrm{~m}$, Revenue Support $£ 1.3 \mathrm{~m}$, New Homes Bonus $£ 4.7 \mathrm{~m}$ and currently $£ 7.4 \mathrm{~m}$ uncommitted resources as stated in the Resources Statement reported to Cabinet in February 2015. In order that no more than $27 \%$ of available reserves will be put at risk in the case of a single default, the maximum that will be lent to any one organisation (other than the UK Government) will be $£ 5$ million. A group of banks under the same ownership or a group of funds under the same management will be treated as a single organisation for limit purposes. Limits will also be placed on investments in brokers' nominee accounts, foreign countries and industry sectors as below:

Table 6: Investment Limits

|  | Cash limit |
| :--- | :---: |
| Any single organisation, except the UK Central Government | £5m each |
| UK Central Government | unlimited |
| Any group of organisations under the same ownership | $£ 5 \mathrm{~m}$ per group |
| Any group of pooled funds under the same management | $\underline{£ 10 \mathrm{~m} \text { per manager }}$ |
| Negotiable instruments held in a broker's nominee account | $£ 10 \mathrm{~m}$ per broker <br> with Max of $£ 5 \mathrm{~m}$ in <br> covered bonds |
| Foreign countries | $£ 5 \mathrm{~m}$ per country |
| Unsecured investments with Building Societies | $£ 5 \mathrm{~m}$ in total |
| Money Market Funds | $£ 10 \mathrm{~m}$ in total |

## Paragraph 33

## Treasury Management Indicators

The Council measures and manages its exposures to treasury management risks using the following indicators.
e. Principal Sums Invested for Periods Longer than 364 days: The purpose of this indicator is to control the Authority's exposure to the risk of incurring losses by seeking early repayment of its investments. The limits on the total principal sum invested to final maturities beyond the period end will be:

Table 9: Principal Sums Invested for Periods Longer than 364 days

|  | $2015 / 16$ | $2016 / 17$ | $2017 / 18$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Limit on principal invested beyond year end | $£ 25 \mathrm{~m}$ | $£ 20 \mathrm{~m}$ | $£ 15 \mathrm{~m}$ |
|  | $£ 15 \mathrm{~m}$ | $£ 9 \mathrm{~m}$ | $£ 6 \mathrm{~m}$ |

Table 9 sets out the upper limit for each forward financial year period for the maturing of investments for periods longer than 364 days up to their final maturities beyond the end of the financial period. The limit for 2015-16 equals the total medium and long term investment limit stated in table 5. The next two financial year limits are smaller, effectively limiting the investments that can be made for longer than 2 years and 3 years. In essence this reflects a potential maturity pattern of the medium and long term debt., in that $£ 6 \mathrm{~m}$ should mature in 2016-17, and another $£ 3 \mathrm{~m}$ in 2017-18. The remaining balance would mature beyond 2017-18, but no longer than 2019/20.

